

# NURSDOC

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## MRSA

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# MRSA

## THE PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

To outline the precautions and rules for dealing with service users who have MRSA. To outline the philosophy of dealing with service users who have MRSA to prevent discrimination and promote equal treatment.

## WHAT YOU MUST NOT DO!

### DISCRIMINATION

Temporary workers must never discriminate against service users who have MRSA.

### PROHIBITED

Temporary workers must never agree to work with service users who are MRSA-positive if they suffer from any of the following skin conditions: psoriasis, eczema or other exfoliating skin conditions. Where Temporary workers suffer from any other skin condition which they think may affect the service user negatively, then they should advise their immediate manager without delay.

## WHAT YOU MUST DO!

### EQUAL TREATMENT

Temporary workers should treat service users with MRSA equally, without prejudice, sensitively, positively and politely.

### PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Temporary workers must use disposable protective clothing and also protect their eyes and nose and mouth areas and skin areas.

### HAND WASHING PROCEDURES

All Temporary workers are required to follow hand-hygiene procedures. This includes ensuring that their hands are washed before fitting on protective gloves or making contact with other protective clothing. Towels used for drying hands after contact should be used only once.

### OPEN WOUNDS


Temporary workers must ensure that water resistant plasters or other impermeable dressings are used when Temporary workers have a wound, cut or graze. Linens should be changed and washed on a regular basis.

### LAUNDRY & CLEANING

Temporary workers should also see that bedside equipment.

## GOOD AND COMMENDABLE PRACTICE

- Knowledge of MRSA
- Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aurous (MRSA) is a type of bacteria usually found in/on the skin and nasal passages of most people but it only affects about 25–30%.
- All staff should be aware of the causes, systems and update their knowledge of MRSA.
- It is resistant to certain antibiotics like methicillin, oxacillin, penicillin and amoxicillin and therefore occurs most frequently among persons who have weakened immune systems.
- Home care is safe enough to manage persons suffering from MRSA. However, it is important that those caring for the person exercise proper infection control practices as stated above.
- Healthy people generally have a low risk of getting infected.
- Visitors should wash their hands before entering and leaving an infected person's room.
- Never wear your uniform to and from an assignment.

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<b>SIGNED:</b>	 Marc Stiff – Group Managing Director